

#### Are Self-driving Cars Safe?

Self-driving cars, also known as autonomous vehicles, have emerged as a revolutionary advancement in transportation technology. These vehicles promise numerous benefits, such as reducing traffic accidents, increasing mobility for older adults and people with disabilities, and improving fuel efficiency. However, the question of whether self-driving cars are safe remains a topic of heated debate. While proponents argue that autonomous vehicles can significantly reduce human error, which is a major cause of accidents, critics point to several unresolved issues that may compromise safety. This essay argues that self-driving cars, while promising, still face significant safety challenges that must be addressed before they can be deemed safe for widespread use.

One of the primary arguments in favor of self-driving cars is their potential to reduce traffic accidents caused by human error. According to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), human error is responsible for 94% of serious crashes (NHTSA, 2015). Autonomous vehicles, equipped with advanced sensors and algorithms, can theoretically react faster and more accurately than human drivers, potentially preventing many accidents. For example, self-driving cars are designed to maintain safe distances, adhere to speed limits, and avoid distractions, thereby reducing the likelihood of collisions.

However, despite these advantages, self-driving cars are not infallible. A significant concern is the reliability of the technology used in autonomous vehicles. Sensors and algorithms can fail or malfunction, leading to accidents. A well-known incident occurred in 2018 when an Uber self-driving car struck and killed a pedestrian in Arizona. The vehicle's sensors failed to identify the pedestrian correctly, and the emergency braking system was not activated in time

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(National Transportation Safety Board, 2019). This tragic event underscores the limitations of current technology and the potential risks involved.

Another critical issue is the vulnerability of self-driving cars to cyberattacks. Autonomous vehicles rely heavily on software and connectivity, making them susceptible to hacking. A successful cyberattack could potentially disrupt the vehicle's operation, causing accidents or other dangerous situations. In a 2015 experiment, researchers demonstrated that they could remotely hack a Jeep Cherokee, gaining control over the vehicle's steering, brakes, and engine (Greenberg, 2015). This experiment highlights the need for robust cybersecurity measures to protect self-driving cars from malicious attacks.

Moreover, the ethical dilemmas posed by autonomous vehicles raise further safety concerns. Self-driving cars may face situations where they must make split-second decisions that involve ethical considerations. For instance, if an autonomous vehicle encounters a scenario where a collision is unavoidable, it must decide how to minimize harm. This could involve choosing between the safety of the passengers and the safety of pedestrians. The algorithms governing these decisions are complex and not always transparent, leading to concerns about accountability and moral responsibility.

Despite these challenges, ongoing advancements in technology and regulatory measures aim to address the safety issues associated with self-driving cars. Companies are continually improving their systems, and governments are developing regulations to ensure the safe deployment of autonomous vehicles. For example, the U.S. Department of Transportation has released guidelines for the testing and deployment of self-driving cars, emphasizing safety and transparency (U.S. Department of Transportation, 2020). These efforts are crucial in building public trust and ensuring that autonomous vehicles can be safely integrated into society.

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In conclusion, while self-driving cars hold great promise for reducing accidents and improving transportation efficiency, significant safety challenges remain. Issues related to technology reliability, cybersecurity, and ethical decision-making must be thoroughly addressed before autonomous vehicles can be considered safe for widespread use. Continued advancements in technology, coupled with stringent regulatory measures, are essential to realizing the full potential of self-driving cars while ensuring public safety.

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